

The Bow Valley Call

Devoted to the Up-Building of Gleichen and the Development of the District Generally

Year VI., No. 16

GLEICHEN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JULY 10, 1913

Per Year \$1.50

PETITIONING FOR THE RELEASE OF GORDON WALKER

A petition is being circulated and largely signed by all the ranchers, farmers and prominent business men of Gleichen and district for the release of Gordon Walker generally known as "Mike", who is serving a sentence in the Lethbridge jail for assisting in stealing two colts from Otto Kerstein last spring. The petition is to be forwarded to the Minister of Justice at Ottawa.

The case is a very sad one and great sympathy is expressed with the young fellow and his parents.

Last Thursday the father of the young man arrived from the East, and first sought the CALL reporter, and briefly told his story. He said:

I am here under an assumed name for the reason that I am in great distress, and I do not want to say further than that I come from Ontario and am in a good business there. I am the father of Gordon Walker, who I learned only last Monday is in jail at Lethbridge. I secured this information through the kindness of one of your townsmen in answering a letter from us inquiring as to his whereabouts. His mother is heart-broken, and I came here to learn the facts of the case, and to see if I could do anything to help him."

Here the father broke down completely. He was told the story of the case, and then introduced to Chief Roberts, Corporal Irvine, Solicitor Corey, and Magistrates Vigor and Ostrander and others, and afterwards left to visit his son at Lethbridge. Returning to Gleichen Saturday, he found his boy had many good friends ready to help him, who suggested the petition.

The petition sets forth that Gordon Walker was well known in the Gleichen district during the past three years, that he had never before been charged with an offence, that he was a hard-working, industrious boy, who conducted himself with honesty and uprightness. He was convicted along with Wm. Boyce of stealing two unbranded colts, and committed the offence thoughtlessly and without realizing the seriousness of the offence. It shows that when he learned a warrant had been issued for his arrest he voluntarily went to the police officers at Gleichen and gave himself up. He elected to be tried by Judge Carpenter without a jury under the Speedy Trials Act, and pleading guilty consequently did not produce any evidence on his own behalf of the facts and circumstances. He has been in custody since March 8th last and the petitioners believe that he fully explained his offence and ask that he be restored to his friends and relatives.

The readers of the CALL are all familiar with the case and it is not here necessary to again go over the details, but it may be added that "Mike" is taking his sentence very hard and that under all circumstances it would be only justice to give another chance to prove himself the man he showed himself to be up to the time that he got into this trouble.

The Women's Auxiliary of St. Andrew's Church will hold, weather permitting, a garden party in the grounds of Mrs. Jowett on Wednesday evening next, July 16th. Refreshments and sports will be provided. Admission 25c.

Gleichen Creamery Making Good

The Gleichen Creamery Association is making good this year. In fact it is now the most popular institution in the Gleichen district, and a few who two years ago cussed the CALL for advocating the organization of the Association, now admit it a good thing.

The history is that when the creamery shareholders first met nearly two years ago, there was so much dissension that a start could not be made—for the reason that it was thought the promoters were making some money. This was not denied, for the promoters were not ill, nor working for goodwill. However, a few experienced men stayed with the proposition and last year the output was nearly 4,000 pounds of butter, but in three months this year 5,950 pounds have been turned out, and for this month, July, the directors fully expect to produce not less than 5,000 pounds—or 1,000 pounds more than all of last year.

Since the opening of the creamery this year on April 1st, Secretary Mortimer gives the statement that for April, 991 pounds of butter were produced, in May 1,945 pounds, and in June 3013 pounds. And, the butter sold so far amounts to 5,204 pounds, at good prices.

Thus it is seen that the creamery will soon be on a paying basis, although most of the business men and farmers who bought shares in the Association were not, and are not looking forward to dividends so much as they were looking toward the benefit it would be in supplying good butter and encouraging the dairy industry.

For examples of the good that is resulting let us quote one farmer and one storekeeper.

Farmer: "It is hard work milking and attending to cows, but it feels good to get a check for cream for \$60 at the end of the month.

Storekeeper: You might tell the readers of the CALL to send their cream to the Creamery, for we have more dairy butter than we know what to do with. Our customers now have the habit of asking for Gleichen Creamery butter, and no matter how good our dairy butter is they say, 'Gleichen Creamery suits us.'

Queenstown News

Come out to Queenstown and watch our grain grow.

The man who predicted a dry year has had to take it all back. It certainly did begin to look dry and grain on stubble, fall and spring plowing did not make much headway. But when the showers began to fall things took on a different appearance. It started with a hail storm Tuesday night, June 10, a narrow strip from Asgard's store on the east to a little past the Queenstown school on the west were haled and almost drowned out. Lucky it came so early in the season so no great harm was done outside of broken windows and some chicks killed. The following Wednesday noon a heavy shower fell that nearly flooded the district and since then it has practically rained every day and night so that the farmers have been compelled to stop plowing. But everything looks green and fine and a good crop will certainly be the result.

The Queenstown school teacher has returned from her vacation trip to Taber and school is again in full swing.

Considerable road work has already been done in Queenstown since the new municipality took a hold. The road across the lake bottom a half mile north of the Queenstown school has been graded. Road-Boss Beggs has finished with his work and Road-Boss Dietz will soon start in.

Don't forget the picnic Friday.

The farmers have decided to build the dance floor themselves this year. So look out for a good time and reasonable charges.

Henry Sorenson, the farmer from Strathmore who has been continually fighting for the farmers' rights at that place, will speak at the picnic. Don't fail to hear him.

Mr. Peterson, the Queenstown well-driller, has just finished wells at Geo. Hoerle's and Wm. Smith's places, and secured water at both places.

John Glambeck and wife have just returned from a vacation trip to Barons, Alta., where they went to visit some old Chicago friends now living near there. They report splendid looking crops all along the route.

Gleichen U.F.A. Meeting

(Supplied by the Secretary)

The usual monthly meeting of the local farmers was held on Saturday last in the sample room of the Palace hotel, with Pres. N. N. Hayes in the chair. A special effort was made to clear up the arrears of business and consider many new propositions affecting the members. Among these were the fresh fruit supply, for which John C. Buckley was requested to take orders and attend to ordering of same. The proposed Herd Law, which has become necessary owing to many of the large ranchers dumping their cattle around the road allowances, whereby they trespass on crops, and their carelessness in driving farmers' stock away with their own when removing them, was also discussed. Messrs. N. N. Hayes and W. D. Trego gave an account of the meeting of the Irrigation Committee at Calgary last Thursday, at which was considered the basic proposed by the Dominion government for settlement with the C.P.R., which they returned to the Department of Interior, as it was not in accord with the Irrigation law. Their action was highly commended. They also gave information regarding the Alberta Farmers' Co-operative Elevator Co., who now plan to build 37 elevators this fall instead of 20, which was the original estimate. As there are four building gangs and

Gleichen is eleventh on the list, the lumber will probably be on the ground soon. The meeting adjourned to 19th, inst., when they will consider the municipality act. It is hoped there will be a large attendance.

STANDARD HOLDS SUCCESSFUL DOMINION DAY CELEBRATION

About 500 Spectators Were on Hand and Great Interest Was Taken In Every Event. Large Crowd Takes in the Dance

(SPECIAL CALL CORRESPONDENT)

The Standard celebration was the biggest event to date in the history of the busy little burg on the Irricana branch. In spite of the condition of the roads which prevented anyone coming long distances the people of the near vicinity were all out and it is safe to say that five hundred people were here to celebrate the day.

The rainy weather prevented the ball game with Cluny and also soaked up the race course considerably so as to make it bad for the horse races and as these were two of the principal features of the day it is evident that the management was greatly handicapped.

However, some fast horses were present and four races were run. The two principle ones being a free-for-all and a pony race. In the free-for-all, Mr. Shafer won with the same horse that carried off the big money at Carbon a short time ago, and in the pony race Birt McCarty's horse was the winner.

Besides the horse races there were a number of minor sports chief among which was a number of bucking contests by the local cowpunchers, and a pig chase in which Mr. Conley succeeded in grabbing the slippery specimen. Besides these there were the customary races including a greased pole which no one was able to climb without assistance.

Nevertheless it must be said that the greatest treat of the day was reserved for those who remained for the dance in the evening. The music was furnished by the local five-piece orchestra consisting of piano, violin, coronet, clarinet and flute. The members are all veterans of their own instruments and it is a fortunate coincidence that they are all assembled at Standard and vicinity at the same time. The dance was attended by over one hundred people who came to dance or to listen to the music and all agreed that no better could be had anywhere. However, the best is none to good for Standard and when the boys play here again they will no doubt receive the hearty support they deserve.

Taking all things into consideration it must be said that the day was a success and the people of Standard are pleased with the way their friends turned in to celebrate with them. All we have to say is "come again and bring your friends."

As a gentle reminder it may be well to state that quite recently a farmer was fined for throwing weeds over his fence onto the public roadway. The fact is only mentioned to warn others from committing like offences and all good farmers will be glad to know that the law is being enforced in this direction.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., President
ALEXANDER LAIRD, General Manager
V. C. BROWN, Superintendent of Central Western Branches

CAPITAL PAID UP, \$15,000,000 RESERVE FUND, \$12,500,000

BANKING BY MAIL

Accounts may be opened at every branch of The Canadian Bank of Commerce to be operated by mail, and will receive the same careful attention as is given to all other departments of the Bank's business. Money may be deposited or withdrawn in this way as satisfactorily as by a personal visit to the Bank.

W. 4

GLEICHEN BRANCH, J. CAMERON, Manager

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

WITH WHICH IS UNITED
THE TRADERS BANK OF CANADA

INCORPORATED 1869

Capital Authorized	\$ 25,000,000
Capital Paid Up	11,500,000
Reserve Fund	12,500,000
Total Assets	180,000,000

290 Branches throughout Canada.

Savings Department at all Branches.

LONDON, ENGL., OFFICE
Bank Bridge—Princes St.

NEW YORK AGENCY
Cor. William and Cedar Sts.

GLEICHEN BRANCH: H. G. LYONS, Manager.

The Town of Gleichen, Alberta

In the Matter of the Court of Confirmation of the Tax Enforcement Return of the Town of Gleichen.

TAKE NOTICE that His Honor, Judge Carpenter, Judge of the District Court of the District of Calgary has appointed Friday, the twenty-ninth (29) day of August, A. D. 1913, at the hour of 10:30 a. m., in the Court House at Calgary, for the holding of the Court of Confirmation to confirm the Tax Enforcement Return of the Town of Gleichen.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that the following are interested in

NAME	ADDRESS	LOT	BLOCK	ARREARS OF TAXES
Bell, Mrs. Elizabeth	Strathcona (St. Edmonton)	41-42	H	\$ 15.80
Cameron, D. L.		1-2	E	17.32
Campbell, J. R. P. O. Box 70,	West Summerland, B.C.	14-15	B	31.50
Griesbach, E.	Gleichen	21-33	1	81.90
Griesbach, E.	"	27-32	2	61.42
Griesbach, E.	"	10-21	6	94.50
Griesbach, E.	"	14-17	10	47.25
Griesbach, E.	"	7-12	22	37.80
Griesbach, E.	"	18-24	C	56.70
Holmes, G. S.	Innisfail	1-20	11	158.02
Higgins, A. C.	Field, B. C.	23-24	8	28.62
Institute, Young People's	Gleichen	4-7	M	71.40
Keesling, H.	"	15-17	20	10.08
Moss, Geo., Jr.	Gleichen	9-10	A	25.20
Miller, Mrs. E.	Strathmore	8	20	9.71
Mortimer, F. G. O.	Gleichen	10-11	G	17.32
Pilant, M. J.	Ouelletteville	34-35	1	23.62
Snowden, T.	Calgary	0	4	78.75
Wakefield, Geo.	Calgary	25	3	46.98
Wishart, D. C.	Gleichen	21-24	3	162.68

Dated this Twelfth day of June, A. D. 1913

J. TAIT JOHNSTON,

Secretary-Treasurer of the Town of Gleichen

W. W. Winspear

General Merchant,
Namaka



Direct Importer of
Men's Furnishings and
Dry Goods

SPECIALTY:

Men's English Tweed
Suits TO MEASURE \$10

EDMONTON EXHIBITION

August 11 to 16
1913

\$50,000.00 In
Prizes and
Purses

Entries Close July 28th

Five days good
races ... Special
free attractions.

Midway Shows..

...Military Tattoo

Excursion rates on all railroads.
For prize list and all information,
Apply to

W. J. Stark, Mgr

AMENDS FOR ALL

By E. R. Punshon

Ward, Lock & Co., Limited
London, Melbourne & Toronto.

(Continued)

I am not a poet. I am only an everyday, ordinary kind of person, Thorold returned. It seems to me a plain duty to see these people do not escape punishment—and after the attempted outrage on Miss Rose last night, I am still more strongly convinced of it. Do you suppose it was a mere coincidence Joan Durand was with Miss Dora at the moment Monday attacked her?

But what are you going to do? Mayne asked uneasily.

Watch for the present, Thorold answered, I'll know more, I wish to know here—for the present I shall watch and wait, he concluded grimly, but I am very certain that they shall pay for it who robbed Frank of his life.

Robbed Frank of his life? Mayne repeated, shaking his head. Ah, no, not even God Almighty can destroy life since life is a manifestation of Himself. They changed the current of his life, perhaps, into some other form but they could not rob him of it.

Then I'll change the current of their lives into some other form, retorted Thorold roughly, and fell to pacing quickly up and down the room. Have you any idea, he asked presently, how this woman came to be in Miss Rose's company?

Why there's a strange thing about that, said Mayne lifting his hand to the back of his head and looking puzzled. My head aches. I wanted to tell you about that, but my memory is so bad—it seems to have the most extraordinary blanks in it sometimes.

But give up writing poetry, suggested Thorold. It is always after writing one of your poems you get into this dreadful, muddled state.

It is the price I have to pay, returned Mayne, but I remember now very clearly, and he went on to tell Thorold about the forged letter Dora had received asking her to call upon Mrs. and Miss Durand.

It is the most extraordinary thing I ever heard of, Mayne said when he had finished, and then on the top of it this attack upon poor Dora. Thorold, he said suddenly making for the door, I must really go and hear how those things.

One by one Mayne took them up and together they examined each of them, making themselves quite certain that the missing letter was not there. Then Thorold, leaning forward and looking into the safe saw that there still remained in it a cardboard box tied up with string.

What is this, Mayne? he asked; it is the only thing you have not opened. Mayne looked at it uncomfortably, and his hand went to the back of his head with the gesture he sometimes adopted when puzzled.

Why, I don't know, he muttered, I don't know.

Then had we not better look? said Thorold, and was about to untie the string when Mayne caught him by the arm with a curiously hurried and agitated gesture.

No, no, he exclaimed hurriedly. Why, what's up? asked Thorold.

Mayne looked round hesitatingly. His hand was still held to the back of his head, and he seemed laboring under a curious agitation.

I do not know, he stammered, but it seems to me that if you open that, something dreadful will happen.

My dear Mayne, cried Thorold, what do you mean?

Put it away, put it away, said Mayne and his eyes were furtive and his cheeks were pale and a perspiration stood out upon his forehead. Or something dreadful—he whispered.

Pull yourself together, said Thorold sharply. He noticed how Mayne's eyes were looking everywhere but at him, and on a sudden impulse he caught hold of his shoulder and twisted him round so as to force him to look at him. What do you mean, Mayne—do you hear me? he called loudly, aware of a singular impression that though he spoke, Mayne could not hear.

Yes, yes, Mayne answered softly, yes, I hear.

Thorold did not speak, but he continued looking into Mayne's eyes with all the force and energy of his soul burning in his intent gaze. Mayne trembled violently, and he moved his hand from the back of his head to his forehead. He shivered slightly and said, as if he were just wakening from a deep slumber: Why, is it you, Thorold? What is it?

Yes, said Thorold, and still kept his gaze fixed full upon him. Now, tell me, do you not want me to open this box?

Mayne looked still very troubled and uneasy.

It seems to me, he said slowly, that we had better not.

Why not? Thorold asked.

Ah, that I do not know, said Mayne. I do not understand, said Thorold, greatly puzzled, but tell me, are you really anxious it should not be opened?

Mayne went and sat down at a little distance.

Well, why off he muttered, only it seems to me it would be a misfortune to open it.

Have you had it long? Thorold asked?

Upon my word, Mayne answered, I do not know.

I believe you are clean off your head, or else you are trying to make a fool of me, exclaimed Thorold with angry impatience, and he flung the box on the floor.

No, open it, sighed Mayne; open it, it has been there a long time, and whenever I have tried to open it, I have always felt I must not. But open it now, Thorold, and let us see what is in it.

Thorold looked at him; and seeing he meant what he said, deliberately cut the string that tied it. He felt there was some mystery here; it might

be important to unravel, and when he had lifted the lid he saw that the box contained a Mauser repeating pistol, from which one shot had apparently been fired not long before.

Good gracious, cried Mayne staring and now speaking in quite a natural voice, what on earth is that?

I should think you ought to know? returned Thorold, looking at him oddly.

It is a pistol, said Mayne, stooping and picking it up. I never saw one of that shape before though—it is not a revolver, is it?

Don't you know? asked Thorold again.

No, what do I know of pistols? returned Mayne with a laugh, and picking it up he proceeded in his way of handling it to give such proof of entire lack of familiarity with any such weapon that Thorold in some alarm requested him to put it down.

(To be Continued)

C.P.R. TELEPHONE SERVICE

Largest Commercial Switchboard in Canada Installed at Montreal

The Bell Telephone Company has just completed the installation of a new switchboard at the C.P.R. Windsor street station at Montreal, which is the largest commercial switchboard in Canada with a capacity of twelve hundred lines. The telephone room is situated in the old tower and is well lighted and ventilated, and of such a size that if it is necessary at any future time to extend the switchboard, ample room for such extension is provided. In arranging this important department the company has had the comfort of the operators in mind and a special rest room has been prepared immediately above the operating room. This is furnished with easy chairs, sofas and reading and writing materials and everything has been done to make their quarters comfortable and home like. The new switchboard is what is known as the No. 4 Lamp Signal Multiple board, and has great many improvements which were lacking in the old one, such as lamp signals, audible busy tests and lamp disconnect signals. At the present time it takes eight operators to handle the business and has an ultimate capacity for ten positions. The board has been divided into two sections the first four handling the originating business and the other four the incoming business. Each position consists of two panels making sixteen for the whole board. At the moment the board is wired for five hundred local lines and one hundred trunk lines, the limit capacity as stated being twelve hundred lines and one hundred and sixty trunk lines. There are two hundred and twenty local lines in use and fifty trunk lines which will shortly be increased by fifty and forty respectively. During one day a total of 7,180 calls were handled, an average of 900 calls per operator per day. The other day a single hour record of calls showed the handling of 1,028. This tremendous number of calls necessitates an exceedingly fine class of operators, and those at the C.P.R. under the jurisdiction of the Telephone Company have been specially and thoroughly trained in every phase of the business. The majority have had years of experience with the C.P.R. and its officials and employees. In order to properly maintain the working hours of the week a staff of twelve operators and one supervisor are needed all the time.

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Mayne looked at it uncomfortably,

and his hand went to the back of his head with the gesture he sometimes adopted when puzzled.

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Blank impossibilities do not happen, retorted Thorold, and he cross-questioned Mayne closely, with the only result of making the disappearance of the letter more inexplicable than ever. Well, he said finally, I expect then that after all it must be somewhere among those things.

Where else could you have put it? he asked.

Nowhere, Mayne answered, it has been from a locked safe that has never been open, and where no one knew it was except Dora and Miss Rose and I—self—the thing is blank impossibility, Thorold.

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What is this, Mayne? he asked; it is the only thing you have not opened.

Blank impossibilities do not happen, retorted Thorold, and he cross-questioned Mayne closely, with the only result of making the disappearance of the letter more inexplicable than ever. Well, he said finally, I expect then that after all it must be somewhere among those things.

GILLET'S PERFUMED LYFE



FOR MAKING SOAP,
SOFTENING WATER,
REMOVING PAINT,
DISINFECTING SINKS,
CLOSETS, DRAINS, ETC.
SOLD EVERYWHERE
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

Turning the Tables
A well-dressed, dapper-looking young man stepped blithely into the post-office and purchased two-penny worth of stamps.

The stamp clerk, as he was handing them out, asked:

Have a money-order this morning? No, thanks.

Or some postal cards? A new supply just came in this morning.

No, thanks.

Stamped envelopes? We have all sizes.

No, no.

Want to rent a post-office box or register a package? Not at all.

And the customer left.

The postmaster approached in a rage and shouted:

Who is that fellow, and what do you mean by insulting him?

Oh, he's a barber, replied the clerk, nonchalantly, and whenever I go in for a shave he insists upon giving me a face massage, hair cut, shave, shampoo, or some other fool thing that I don't want, and I thought I'd see how he would enjoy it if I turned the tables on him.

First Man—How do you do? Second Man—Beg pardon, but you have the advantage of me. First Man—Yes, I suppose I have. We were engaged to the same girl, but you married her.

FILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO
DINTIMENT fails to cure any case of Itching,
Blistering or Protruding Piles
in 6 to 14 days. 5c.

A countryman in a restaurant ordered roast lamb and the waiter bawled to the cook: One lamb! Great scott, master! cried the countryman. I can't eat no hull lamb. Gimme some fried taters instead.

Two women, one of whom carried a baby, entered a well-known furnisher's one day last summer and signified a desire to look at some carpets. It was warm, but the saleswoman cheerfully showed roll after roll until the perspiration streamed from his face. Finally one of the women asked the other if she did not think it was time to go. Not quite, was the answer of her companion; and then in an undertone she added: Baby likes to see him roll them out and we've plenty of time to catch the train.

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend

School Teacher—Now, Master Thompson, tell me the denominations into which the money of the United Kingdom is divided.

Master Thompson—Don't know.

School Teacher—Don't you know how the money your father brings home every Saturday night is divided?

Master Thompson—Talent divided; mother takes it all.

In a recent long-drawn trial in New York the defense introduced a miner as a witness and went into a detailed inquiry as to his exact whereabouts for the past ten years. It was most wearisome. For a day and a half the lawyer asked this man to tell his wanderings year by year. Finally they got down to 1911 and asked him: What did you do on May 10, 1911?

I went to Cobain!

How long did you remain there?

I have been there ever since.

Juror No. 9 rose in his place and said fervently:

Thank God!

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from the
Factory**

Here's a chance for you to buy your range from the factory and save 30%—to buy it on easy terms and get the very range you would choose, even if you had to pay the retail price.

Our free book shows you exactly what the range is like. It describes each point clearly, and we guarantee our range to be just as represented.

You might as well save the retail profit. Mail the coupon to-day.

Dominion Pride Range

Polished steel body—unbreakable doors and castings—beautifully nickelled

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Steel Range Mfg.
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FOR MAKING SOAP,
SOFTENING WATER,
REMOVING PAINT,
DISINFECTING SINKS,
CLOSETS, DRAINS, ETC.
SOLD EVERYWHERE
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

Walt and See

Well, Johnnie, said the hard-hearted employer, I don't see how you will get out to any baseball games next season, as your grandmother died four times last summer.

But, sir, answered Johnny, grandpa has married again, although it was much against the wishes of the family.

Just Before the Battle, Mother

My husband, she said, always wants me to look my best, no matter what the cost.

Well, her friend replied, one can hardly blame him for feeling as he does.

ALL THE TIRED NERVOUS WOMEN

CAN FIND A CURE IN DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

Madame Perreault Tells How She Cured Her Kidneys With Dodd's Kidney Pills, and Found Health and Contentment.

Verner, Ont. (Special)—"I am very content. Dodd's Kidney Pills have made me well." Those are the words of Madame Eugene Perreault, a highly-respected lady of this place, and mother of a large family. For twenty years she was a sufferer. But let her tell her own story.

"I was always tired and nervous," she states. "I felt heavy and sleepy after meals. My limbs were heavy and I had a dragging sensation across my loins. My skin itched and burned at night. I had a bitter taste in my mouth especially in the morning. In twenty years I hardly knew what it was to have a well moment. Then I commenced to use Dodd's Kidney Pills. Six boxes cured me."

Madame Perreault's symptoms were those of kidney disease. They are the symptoms of nine out of ten of the nervous, rundown, pain-racked women of Canada. Madame Perreault found a speedy and complete cure in Dodd's Kidney Pills. They simply cured her kidneys.

Just Like Men

Dolly was not quite six when her mother bought a flock of nine Plymouth Rock hens and a rooster, and diligently explained to Dolly that the rooster was the papa hen and the rest were all mamma hens. After two or three days of confinement, to accustom them to their coop, they were let out to wander about the yard, and Dolly was set to watch them. The hens stayed together nicely, but the rooster showed a tendency to wander into the next-door neighbor's chicken yard. Dolly chased him back time and again, until she was tired and out of patience. She turned her back for a minute, and when she looked round there were the hens, by the coop, while the rooster was sedately pacing across the garden towards the next yard.

Dolly stamped her foot on the sidewalk and screamed: Come back here! Come back to your own family. The rooster proceeded with perfect equanimity. Dolly watched him for a moment with a look of utter disgust. Then her mother heard her say, very emphatically:

That's just like you men, anyway.

Lord Dufferin delivered an address before the Greek class of the McGill University about which a reporter wrote:

His Lordship spoke to the class in the purest ancient Greek, without mispronouncing a word or making the slightest grammatical solecism.

Good heavens! remarked Sir Hector Langevin to the late Sir John A. Macdonald, how did the reporter know that?

I told him, was the Co servative statesman's answer.

But you don't know Greek.

True; but I know a little about politics.

A particular old gentleman, pulling something out of his soup that should not have been included among the other ingredients, thus addressed his cook:

Josephine, I am much obliged for your thoughtfulness, but next time kindly give it to me in a locket.

A benevolent person watched a workman laboriously winding rock from a shaft while a broiling sun was beating down on his bare head.

My dear man, observed the onlooker, are you not afraid that your brain will be affected in the hot sun?

The laborer contemplated him for a moment and then replied:

Do you think a man with any brains would be working at this kind of a job?

The young lawyer didn't like the minister, and so he thought to corner him. Now, doctor, he asked, suppose the parsons and the devil should have a lawsuit, which party do you think would win?

The devil unquestionably, replied the minister.

Ah! chuckled the young lawyer.

And will you tell us why?

Because he would have all the lawyers on his side.

Up Against the Peer

A certain peer who bears the reputation of being somewhat stingy. In money matters hired a cab on a wet afternoon to take him to Victoria Station, where he handed the cabman a shilling as his fare.

The driver demanded another sixpence, but was met with prompt and firm refusal. You came the longest way, as an excuse to extort money, declared the man of title. Why didn't you go through St. James' Park?

Cos St. James Park is closed, said cabby; that's why.

Nonsense! I know better, his lordship objected, sternly.

Still the cabman, though he saw he was outdone, maintained grave demeanour.

It's quite right, sir, he persisted. They say Lord—(naming the peer who confronted him) dropped a shilling coming across the Park last evening, and the gates are closed until they find it.

Nothing as Good for Asthma. Asthma remedies come and go but every year the sales of the original Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy grow greater and greater. No further evidence could be asked of its remarkable merit. It relieves. It is always of the same unvarying quality which the sufferer from asthma learns to know. Do not suffer another attack, but get this splendid remedy today.

What He Wants!

With the air of one who has no moment to spare, she bustled into the bookshop.

I want a book for my husband, please, she began. It's his birthday, and I want it for a present. He'll be forty-four. Show me what you have—and be quick, please! Nothing too expensive, and I don't want anything cheap, either. He's a mild-mannered man, and not fond of sports, so don't show me anything in that line; and for goodness' sake don't offer me any of those trashy novels; and no matter how you try to persuade me, I won't take anything in the line of history or biography. Come now, I'm in a dreadful hurry, and you have already wasted too much of my time here!

Of course you don't know my husband, but from all I've said can't you suggest something appropriate?

The assistant lifted down a small volume from one of the shelves.

Yes, ma'am, he answered, I think I have the very thing. Here is a little book entitled: How to Manage a Talking Machine.

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians

It's no use talking, remarked Banks dejectedly. It's impossible to make a woman understand even the first principles of finance.

What's the matter now? inquired Hender.

Matter! ejaculated the disgusted Banks. Why, when I was away yesterday the baby swallowed a three-penny-piece.

And what does my wife do but call in a doctor and pay him half a guinea for getting that coin back?

One day as W. Mugridge, the lawyer, and Judge Minot were walking along the street in Concord, N.H., together, Mr. Mugridge, in his sepulchral voice, said: Judge, let's go into partnership. You furnish the capital and I'll furnish the brains.

The judge quickly pulled a 2-cent piece from his pocket and holding it in his palm said to Mugridge: Very well, cover that, John! Cover that!

Musical Repartee

Violein—The professor has no heart he has taken my beat.

Banjo—Yes, and he's always picking on me too.

Darling, do you love me? she gasped.

Love you? said he, as he got a tighter grip; love you? Why precious one, madly as I hug you now, the fervour of my affection almost makes me long to be an octopus with eight arms.

The Major—Ah, good morning, Count! What's the matter? I never saw you looking so old as you do this morning.

The Count—That's natural, Major. I never was so old as I am this morning.

Take an order, will you?

Sure, that's what I'm here for.

Please send up a thousand knot-holes immediately.

A thousand what?

A thousand knot-holes.

Well, now, an' ain't that a shame?

I'm sorry, but we're just out—sold our last to the new brewery only this mornin'.

To the brewery? What do they want with them?

By the powers! replied the Irishman.

An' they use 'em for bung holes in barrels.

Murilia—Who is that gentleman you introduced me to a little time ago? I didn't catch his name.

Millicent—That is the distinguished poet, Mr. Scrawler.

Murilia. Indeed! Now I understand why he seemed hurt when he asked me who was my favorite poet, and I replied, Shakespeare.

A woman was complaining about the depredations of her dog.

Only yesterday, she cried, he broke into the larder.

Dear me! said her interlocutor. Did he eat much?

He ate, she replied, every blessed thing except the dog biscuit.

Now, said the nervous old lady to the druggist, are you sure you have that medicine mixed right?

No, ma'am, said the conscientious apothecary, I wouldn't go as far as to say that; but I've got it mixed the way the doctor ordered it.

Two old friends met in the street the other day and the following conversation took place. How is your brother getting on? Which one do you mean? Oh, I mean the one with the wooden leg. He's down in Kent now and doing very well. What is he doing? Hoppling!

For sale by grocers everywhere.

Post Toasties have Distinctive Flavor

Canadian Postum Cereal Company, Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

KAISER IS SUPREME

As Ruler of Army His Power is Supreme

While as to ordinary affairs the Kaiser is subject to the law in the same manner as his humblest subject, there is one department in which his power is practically absolute, his power as commander-in-chief of the armed forces. His supremacy in this regard has just been reaffirmed by a judgment of the Kammergericht, affirming the judgment of a provincial court in an action brought to protect a patent right.

Eight years ago the Kaiser issued an order directing the introduction of the sabre carriers to be an infringement on his patent and that they could not be used without his permission, and he brought an action for damages and an injunction against the carrying out of the imperial order.

A provincial court found against him, and the Kammergericht has affirmed this judgment. The appellate court declares that irrespective of whether the patent be infringed or not, the plaintiff has no standing and that the Kaiser, in issuing any order affecting the equipment of the army is exercising his supreme military power.

Some women act as if they had a corner on religion.

Nearly every man is the architect of his own misfortune.

Some men are used to being called liars and don't mind it.

Forest fires never make much headway among family trees.

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Every Monday Evening at 8
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Visiting brethren cordially invited.
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R. A. BROWN Recording Secretary.

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Range, Snake Valley

Owners of all cattle branded:

I left L left J right
left ribs left ribs right ribs
499 left R 9 left ribs

Horses branded
D I right ribs

DRAYING
EXPRESS
McCONNELL'S
--CARTAGE--

Having taken
over Mr. McCarthy's interest I am
prepared to give
customers
Prompt

Attention
to all orders they
may favor me
with and will
guarantee satis-
faction

No order too large or
small for close attention

Wm. McConnell

**FIVE LARGE CITIES
AND THEIR GROWTH**

Development of Industrial Life in
Winnipeg, Portage la Prairie, Ban-
don, Calgary and Edmonton

Of five Western cities for which
census figures are available, namely,
Winnipeg, Brandon, Portage la Prairie,
Edmonton and Calgary, Winnipeg
as might be expected heads the list
both in number of establishments and
value of products manufactured
though the other cities are also mak-
ing remarkable progress in factory
development.

The following are the statistics by
cities for the census year 1911.

Winnipeg—Establishments, 177;
capital, \$26,024,850; employees, 11,706;
wages, \$7,614,646; cost of material,
\$18,428,726; value of products, \$82,
699,859.

Calgary—Establishments, 46; capital,
\$18,082,896; employees, 2,138; wages,
\$1,569,889; cost of material, \$4,680,418;
value of products, \$7,751,418.

Edmonton—Establishments, 40;
capital, \$8,816,120; employees, 1,850;
wages, \$1,007,724; cost of material,
\$3,586,046; value of products, \$4,
498,804.

Brandon—Establishments, 29; capi-
tal, \$8,012,115; employees, 830; wages,
\$671,970; cost of material, \$1,060,839;
value of products, \$2,830,480.

Portage la Prairie—Establishments,
18; capital, \$2,702,070; employees,
341; wages, \$210,229; cost of material,
\$1,482,87; value of products, \$2,585,
684.

Of the Manitoba cities Brandon's in-
crease is quite as gratifying in pro-
portion. From 12 industrial establish-
ments in 1900 and 28 in 1905 there
has been an expansion to 29 in 1911,
while the volume of her products have
increased from \$531,227 in 1900 and
\$2,097,995 in 1905 to \$2,330,480,
although it would be seen that Bran-
don's increases in output has not been
nearly so great for the past five years
as has Winnipeg's, still the increase
for the decade has been very satis-
factory. Portage la Prairie had four
establishments in 1900, 11 in 1905, and
18 in the 1911 census. The value of
her products has increased from \$800,
000 in 1900 to \$2,500,000 in 1911, a
larger increase than Brandon.

During the decade the number of
Edmonton's industrial establishments
has jumped from 8 to 40 and the
volume of her products from \$248,778
to \$4,500,000, or over 200 per cent.

Calgary has increased her estab-
lishments from 10 to 46 since 1900 and
the volume of her products from
\$500,000 to \$7,751,418, or about 150
per cent. During the past five years
alone, Calgary has trebled her out-
put of industrial concerns.

FRENCH TRADE POLICY

Agriculture Developed When Its Pro-
ducts Were Protected

From the time of Napoleon down
to about 1885 the trade policy of
France fluctuated greatly. At times
it was strongly protectionist, while at
other times it seemed to be under
the influence of the free trade move-
ment. In 1882 a general French tariff
took effect, which while freeing raw
materials, and taxing half-manufac-
tured articles moderately, increased
the duties on live stock, fresh meats,
and other agricultural products. Even
yet manufacturers were not protected
to any extent. The agricultural depres-
sion about that time led to the Acts
of 1885 and 1887, in which much
higher duties were imposed on wheat,
flour, rye, barley, oats, cattle, sheep,
pigs and fresh meat. The aim of the
government was to preserve for the
French peasant his large and profit-
able home market, free from the in-
roads of German and other products.
In 1892 further protection was ex-
tended to agricultural products. The
protection and encouragement given
to the French farmers not only direct-
ly benefitted the peasantry but greatly
added to the wealth of the nation.
Nearly every foot of soil is extreme-
ly well cultivated in France. Many
people have been kept on the soil,
thus preventing the overcrowding of
cities and the struggle for places
among laborers in industrial centres
which would have occurred had France
pursued the English policy of opening
her ports to the free admission of
farm products of other countries, and
ruined and impoverished her agricul-
turalists. Instead of that, her rural
population was given an opportunity
to produce and sell in French mar-
kets vegetables, poultry, dairy prod-
ucts and everything which could be
produced by French farmers. The
steady development of agriculture,
which immediately followed protec-
tion to agriculture has been most fully
vindicated.

**WESTERN STATES
AND FACTORIES**

Industrial Development Which Is Sure
to be Duplicated in the Cana-
dian West

Many Canadian writers and public
speakers have asserted that conditions
in Western Canadian provinces to-day
with respect to the manufacturing in-
dustry are almost identical with those
that prevailed in the Middle Western
United States a generation ago and it
is predicted that industrial develop-
ment in Western Canada in the next
generation will duplicate that of the
Western States in the last thirty
years. Fifty years ago there was
practically no manufacturing west of
the Atlantic States, but to-day Wi-
consin, Minnesota, Indiana, Illinois and
neighboring states are in the forefront
in manufacturing. The following ex-
tracts from the United States census of
1910 are significant of what is to
come for the Canadian West.

"Milwaukee, with a population of
373,857, is the only city in the state of
Wisconsin having a population of
over 50,000, but 17 cities—Superior,
Racine, Oshkosh, Oshkosh, La
Crosse, Sheboygan, Madison, Green-
Bay, Kenosha, Fond du Lac, Fa-
Claire, Appleton, Wausau, Beloit
Marquette, Janesville, Manitowoc and
Ashland have a population of over
10,000 but less than 50,000. These
17 cities contain 32.3 per cent. of the
total population of the state, and
were credited with 61.8 per cent. of the
total value of its manufacturer in
1909. Only 10.8 per cent. of the
population of the state in 1909 re-
sided in cities having between 2,500
and 10,000 inhabitants.

"While Wisconsin is largely an
agricultural state, the advance in the
relative importance of its manufac-
turing industries, as measured by
value of products, has been marked.
In 1849 it ranked nineteenth among the
states in this respect, while in
1909 it occupied eighth place. Dur-
ing 1849 the manufacturing industries
of the state gave employment to an
average of 6,089 wage earners, repre-
senting 2 per cent. of the total popu-
lation, as against an average of 182,58
wage earners, or 7.8 per cent. of the
total population in 1909. During the
period the gross value of produc-
tions of the total population of the
state increased from \$30 to \$263. The
proportion which the manufactures of
Wisconsin represented of the total
value of the products of manufac-
turing industries in the United States
was nine-tenths of 1 per cent. in 1849
as against 2.9 per cent. in 1909."

The following table gives the most
important figures relative to all classes
of manufactures combined or 90
together with the percentages of in-
crease from census to census:

State	Year	Estab.	Products	No. of Val e o
Wisconsin	1909	9,721	\$19,06 00	9,721
	1899	7,841	326,753.00	7,841
Minnesota	1909	5,561	49,0 0 0	5,561
	1899	4,093	223 3 0	4,093
Idaho	1909	725	12,00 0	725
	1899	287	3,01 00	287
S. Dakota	1909	1,0,0	17,10 00	1,0,0
	1899	624	9,30 00	624
N. Dakota	1909	752	9,38 00	752
	1899	337	6,60 00	337
Montana	1909	677	73,272.00	677
	1899	375	51,745.00	375
Colorado	1909	2,033	130,014.00	2,033
	1899	1,233	82,058.00	1,233
Illinois	1909	18,26	1,19,17,00	18,26
	1899	14,371	1,120,878.00	14,371
Indiana	1909	7,9,9	57,075.00	7,9,9
	1899	7,128	337,072.00	7,128
Iowa	1909	6,598	159,238.00	6,598
	1899	4,823	1,2,071.00	4,823
Kansas	1909	3,425	225,01,00	3,425
	1899	2,299	164,009,0.0	2,299
Missouri	1909	8,375	574,111.00	8,375
	1899	6,853	316,314.00	6,853
Nebraska	1909	2,500	199,019.00	2,500
	1899	1,695	120,02,00	1,695

CANADIAN BONDS

The Industrial Variety Has Become a
First Class Investment

The general public purchased ex-
tensively the bonds of industrial es-
tablishments in the last two or three
years. Industrie Canada discussing
this new development in Canadian
finance says:

"Certain Canadian industrial bonds
have become first class investments
and are competing with the reliable
first mortgage in the absorption of
ready money. Not many years ago it
was almost impossible to float indus-
trial bonds. Why the change? The reason
is not hard to discover. Since the
baleful shadow of Free Trade has been
removed, great industries have de-
veloped into prosperous maturity.
They are well managed, and well
financed. Their promises to pay are
as good as bank notes. During the
last ten years the manufactured prod-
ucts of Canada have increased in
value by 142 per cent. Such a rate
of increase enhances the assets of the
manufacturer. His bonds are good
and are in demand."

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Yearling and Two-year
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To arrive in Gleichen between May
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endeared itself to the hearts of thousands
of farmers. We handle it because we
know it is the best. We handle McCormick
binders, mowers, rakes, reapers, huskers and
shredders, knife and tool grinders, binder twine
corn machines and a full and complete line of
repairs. Call and look our line over and learn
exactly what

Gleichen Exhibition Prize List, Thurs. and Fri., August 7 & 8

Association Rules

1—The annual membership fee shall be one dollar. Entrance to exhibition ground, 25c; children over six years of age, 10c. Live stock exhibitors will be furnished with the necessary passes for attendants free.

2—Entries must be in the hands of the secretary not later than Wednesday, August 6th, 1913, at 6 p.m. Entries should be made on the printed entry forms, which may be had on application to the secretary. No entry will be accepted unless accompanied by the proper fees. Entry tickets may be obtained from the office on the grounds when exhibits are brought in.

3—The Society will in no case be responsible for any loss or damage that may occur to any animal or article entered for competition.

4—No animal suffering from any contagious or infectious disease will be allowed on the grounds.

5—Live stock entries must be made in the name of the bona fide owner.

6—All grains, roots and vegetables must have been grown by exhibitor during 1913.

7—Pedigrees of registered animals must be furnished to the judges if called for.

8—The Society will in no case become

responsible for any special prize offered.

9—The directors shall have power to decide all protests and withhold prizes if they are of the opinion that it is just to do so. They shall also have power to interpret the rules and make new rules if the printed rules do not cover any dispute or point which may be brought up. They may also take action without a protest being made.

10—After having completed their work the judges shall sign the awards, which must then be handed to the secretary.

11—When an entry has been made under a wrong class, the judges shall have power to change the entry; and if an exhibitor is in doubt as to the classification he shall have the privilege of requesting the judge to advise him as to the proper classification, providing this is done before judging has commenced.

12—Any exhibitor lodging a protest must do so within one hour after the judging is completed. Said protest must be in writing and must state the cause of protest. It may be handed either to the secretary or to the director in charge and must be accompanied by a deposit fee equal in value to the first prize in the protested event. In case the protest is not sustained the deposit will be forfeited to the Society.

13—Any person interfering in any way with the judges shall forfeit any premiums to which

he might otherwise be entitled.

14—In case of insufficient competition the judges will, at their discretion, withhold prizes or only award prizes according to the quality of the exhibit.

15—In case of insufficient prize money prizes shall be paid pro rata. The sum of one dollar will be deducted from all exhibitors winning \$3 or over, said dollar to pay for membership fee for 1914. Prize money will be paid by cheque as soon as possible after August 15th.

16—The directors in charge of departments shall supervise placing of exhibits in their respective departments.

17—All exhibits must be in place for judging not later than 10 a.m. on the opening day of the fair, August 7th. No stock shall be removed from the grounds before 5 p.m., August 7th, without special permission from the director in charge. Exhibits in the main building must remain till 5 p.m., August 8th.

18—Upon the discovery of any fraud, deception or dishonest practice, which may have affected the decision of the judges, the directors shall have power to withhold the award and may prohibit the offending party from exhibiting in any class for one or more years, and may also publish the names of such parties, if deemed expedient.

Grand Union Hotel

LaPierre & Anthony, Props.

Up-to-date in every respect

First-class Cuisine

Mr. Geo. A. Anthony was a former proprietor of the Gleichen Hotel and his name is a guarantee of first-class service.

9th Av. E. Calgary

BICYCLES

Are all the rage. Buy a CLEVELAND and you will avoid all bicycle troubles

For sale at

Gaudaur's Jewelry Store

GET YOUR CANADIAN HOME FROM THE CANADIAN PACIFIC

Wonderfully fertile land is offered for sale by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company at prices ranging from \$11 to \$30 per acre. There is no better agricultural land than this virgin Canadian soil. It is unsurpassed for all forms of agriculture, including grain growing, stock raising, dairying, poultry culture, vegetable growing, and general mixed farming. The lands are convenient to railways and markets, and are located in a country of low taxation and delightful climate.

TWENTY YEARS TO PAY

Under the Company's new policy no land is sold to speculators, but only to those who will occupy and improve it. The terms of sale are now one-twentieth cash and the balance spread over twenty years, with interest at six per cent per annum.

ASSISTANCE TO FARMERS

Under certain conditions the Company will advance a loan of \$2000 to new settlers to be used in erecting a house and barn, fencing the land and sinking a well. This loan is repayable on the same terms as the purchase price.

For illustrated literature, maps and full particulars, apply to,

Department of Natural Resources,
Canadian Pacific Railway,
CALGARY, ALBERTA

LUMBER and COAL

Anything and Everything required in Building
Always in Stock

W. Stuart & Co.

Yard near Palace Hotel, Gleichen.

COAL DEPOT Open in C.P.R. Yards

Office Gleichen street and Third ave., Gleichen, Alberta

THE ALBERTA TRANSFER, Ltd.

A. S. Wood, Manager
Successors to G. W. Hunter

The Best Cartage System in Gleichen

Every Class of Work Carefully and Promptly
Handled

Headquarters for COAL

For Steam and Domestic Use
Sole Agents For



Galt Lump Coal,
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Coal
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Coal
and Briquettes

The Best For all Domestic Purposes

THE SARNIA

Pool Room and

Bowling Alleys

The Alleys are of the famous Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co. make, and three in number

The TABLES are the Most Modern

A Full Supply of

Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobaccos

Will Always be Kept

Remember the Manager's name—JACK JAMES

JUST TO REMIND YOU

That we are here to give your orders our prompt attention, no order too small or to large. Study over the following lines and prices. We know they will please you.

Tuxedo brand	.....	50 cents per lb.
House special blend coffee	.....	35 "
Red rose tea, black	.....	50 "
Blue Ribbon tea, green	.....	45 "
Tuxedo jellies, 3 pks	.....	25 "
Heinz' Chili sauce, India relish, tomatoe catsup, sweet gherkins and sweet mixed pickles	.....	35 cents per bot.

Buchanan's Imported Jams

Strawberry and raspberry, 5 pounds, 90 cents per tin

E. D. Smith's, Canned Goods

Corn, peas and beans	.....	15 cents per tin
Tomatoes	.....	20 "
Peaches, pears, strawberries and raspberries	.....	25 "
Plums	.....	15 "

Purity Flour 100 pounds \$3.50 for cash only

A trial order will convince you that QUALITY and PRICES are right

S. A. HALL



How To Kill Gophers Quick, Sure, Cheap

The next time you are in town, visit this store and we'll tell you all about Mickelson's Kill-Em-Quick Gopher Poison. You will be interested because it means an increase of \$50 to \$100 on every 40 acres of grain you sow.

Mickelson's Kill-Em-Quick Gopher Poison is guaranteed—your money back if it fails to do as you expect. It's the surest, quickest, cheapest way to kill every gopher on your farm. There is so much to tell you about it that we want you to come—for your own sake.

The prices are 50c, 75c and \$1.25 per box. The \$1.25 box contains twice as much as the 75c box and is enough to kill 4,000 gophers

.....FOR SALE AT.....

Gleichen Pharmacy

Terms on application to
J. H. RILEY, Proprietor

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
gently but firmly com-
pet a lazy liver to
do its duty
Cures Con-
stipation,
Indigestion,
Sick
Headache, and Distress after Eating.
Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.
Genuine must bear Signature



STRAYED

from the X Ranch Corral a wall eyed Pinto Bronco with a Roman nose and lightning heels. We have issued a humorous descriptive circular of this remarkable bronco with illustrations of his antics. Sent free on application to any reader of this paper. This is the most famous circular ever printed in the English language. More than half a million copies have already been distributed to advertise our famous Pinto Shell gloves made from tough Bronco hides. For a free copy send postal to

HUDSON BAY KNITTING CO.
Canada's Expert Glove and Mitt Makers.
MONTREAL.

The Heart of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the
"Otto Higel"
Piano Action

ARLINGTON
WATERPROOF COLLARS AND CUFFS
Something better than linen, and no laundry bills. Wash with Soap and Water. All stores, dry goods, drapery and size. For 25c. we will mail you.
THE ARLINGTON CO. OF CANADA,
Limited
58 Fraser Avenue, Toronto, Ontario

REST AND HEALTH TO MOTHER AND CHILD.
Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS of Mothers for the cure of all forms of ILLNESS, with PRECISE SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best REMEDY for DIARRHOEA. It is absolutely harmless and sure. Please ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

FEMALE HELP WANTED

LADIES WANTED—To do work at home; decorating cushion tops; can make from \$3 to \$5 per day; pleasant work. Armour Art Co., Dept. N. 43 Steele Bldg., Winnipeg, Manitoba.

I've had stolen a saw, and on his trial he told the judge that he only took it for a joke.

How far did you carry it? inquired the judge.

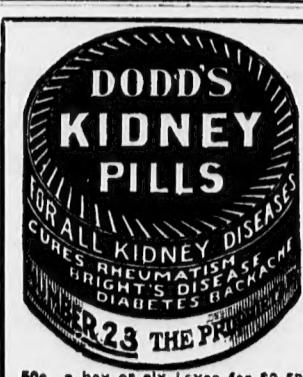
Two miles, answered the prisoner. Ah! that is carrying a joke too far, said the judge, and the prisoner was sentenced to jail for three months.

No matter what the sages say.
When life is rough and full of bumps

There's nothing that can smooth the way

Like holding hands when hearts are trumps.

Lots of family trees bear lemons.



50c. a box or six boxes for \$2.50, at all dealers, or The Dodd's Medicine Company, Limited, Toronto, Canada.

W. N. U. 951

The Ten Demands

For boiled-down worldly wisdom it would be difficult to surpass the Ten Demands hanging in the dining-room used by the staff of a big draper's in the West end of London, England.

1.—Don't lie. It wastes my time and yours. I am sure to catch you in the end, and that is the wrong end.

2.—Watch your work, not the clock. A long day's work makes a long day short, and a short day's work makes my face long.

3.—Give more than I expect, and I will give you more than you expect. I can afford to increase your pay if you increase my profits.

4.—You owe so much to yourself you cannot afford to owe anybody else. Keep out of debt, or keep out of my shop.

5.—Dishonesty is never an accident. Good men, like good women, never see temptation when they meet it.

6.—Mind your own business, and in time you'll have a business of your own to mind.

7.—Don't do anything here which hurts your self-respect. An employee who is willing to steal for me is willing to steal from me.

8.—It is none of my business what you do at night. But if dissipation affects what you do the next day, and you do half as much as I demand, you'll last half as long as you hoped.

9.—Don't tell me what I like to hear, but what I ought to hear. I don't want a valet for my vanity. I want one for my money.

10.—Don't kick if I kick. If you're worth while correcting you're worth while keeping. I don't waste time cutting specks out of rotten apples.

Submarine Fiddling

Submarine fiddling is the latest device adopted by the United States navy to make more effective its means of communication during time of war.

The phrase tersely describes the plan employed for signalling from submarine torpedo boats when operating either on or under the surface.

On one side of the vessel are two steel projections, to each end of which is fastened a tightly-stretched wire that rests against the roughened rim of the wheel.

When the wheel revolves the wire is set in vibration as a violin string is agitated when a bow is drawn across it. The wheel which plays the part of a bow is connected by a shaft with an electric motor, and the motor is controlled by a Morse telegraph key. When the key is pressed the wheel instantly begins to revolve and the wire is caused to vibrate.

Any operator may use the key precisely as he would an ordinary telegraph key, and vibrations are set up in the wire corresponding to the dots and dashes of the Morse system. The receiver may be placed under water off shore and connected by ordinary telephone wires with a fort or station on land.

The invention was carefully tested on a submarine torpedo boat at Hampton Roads, and it was found that the vibration of the wire could be detected at a distance of five miles, an ordinary telephone receiver being employed to catch the message, which was transmitted from a station on shore.

There are many curious jobs to be found in London, but few people would know where to find the loneliest man in London, England. This is undoubtedly Watchman Gerrard of the District Railway, who for many years has been in charge of the subterranean passage running between South Kensington Station and the South Kensington and Victoria and Albert Museums. The tunnel, which is half a mile in length, is used by very few people—one per hour, perhaps passing through—and on these the watchman keeps his eye.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"

That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE.

Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE.

Cures a Cold in One Day. Cures Grippe in Two Days. 25c.

Wire Fence With a History

Everything has a history more or less, either interesting or otherwise, but one is not likely to think of anything unusually interesting being associated with an ordinary wire fence.

On a farm about three miles to the north of Strathaven there is, however, a fence with a somewhat interesting history. It is constructed with part of the wires which at one time connected our country with the Continent of America. When the present Atlantic cable was laid down the old cable was taken up and the wires of which it was composed were exposed for sale. A farmer, who at that time occupied one of the Cairnduff farms in the district—purchased a considerable quantity of the wire, and used it for fencing purposes on his farm.

There is nothing particular in the appearance of the fence to attract the attention of the casual observer, but there it stands a relic of the ocean—part of the great cable which at one time lay at the ocean's depths, stretching between Britain and America, and over which messages were flashed—now serving to do duty in the lands of the farm.

Doctor (to anxious husband and wife)—All the baby wants is some good milk, and take care that it always comes from the same cow. As for the mother, there's nothing really the matter with her, only a little weakness, that's all. And she'll soon pick up if she has every day some underdone beefsteak.

Anxious Husband—From the same ox, doctor?

Tourist (to native)—What is the object of greatest interest in your town, sir?

Native—Well, I should say, Old Solomons, the money-lender is.

I could have done better than marry you.

You bring that question up at inopportune times, my dear. Suppose we place a regular weekly evening on the calendar to be devoted to its discussion.

He must have been awfully hungry when he finally got it done, rejoined the other, savagely.

Wilson—Why do you roll your cigarettes? Melson—Well, old chappie, I must take some exercise, you know!

Get the blunt man to come right to the point.

THE BOW VALLEY CALL

EVER HAVE CRAMPS, NAUSEA, VOMITING?

THEN USE NERVILINE.

For Stomach Pains and Cramps, No Remedy so Prompt as Nerviline

A Western Experience Related.

"It's in an unsettled part of the country like our far West that proves how valuable Nerviline is in the home," writes Mr. Patrick M. Dehaven, from Fort Saskatchewan. "Chills are frequent—a hot drink of Nerviline sends life circulating through the body in three minutes. Cramps or sudden illness at night is one of our terrors. No druggist or doctor is near, but if Nerviline is handy you can get relief. The worst cramps Nerviline has cured in my children in half a minute. I don't think any farmer's wife has any right to be without the protection of Nerviline. In our family we use it for a hundred ills, and it cures them all. One night one of my kiddies had earache and another toothache. Without Nerviline no one could have slept—I applied it as directed, and the children's pains disappeared. My husband uses Nerviline for lame back, rheumatism, aching joints and all sorts of muscular pains. It is as good inside as outside, and is as much a part of my home as my kitchen stove."

You find a thousand uses for a good family remedy like Nerviline. Get the 50c. family size bottle; it's more economical than the 25c. trial size. Sold by all storekeepers and druggists, or The Catarhozone Co., Buffalo, N.Y.

Collector—Mr. Gibbs, I am sorry to have to ask you to pay this little bill.

Gibbs—Are you, my boy? Well, I can sympathize with you from the bottom of my heart. I am sorry you have to ask me.

A Londoner owning a country place near the capital engaged a stable boy. During his last stay at the place the owner did not see the boy for several days. Finally, however, having special need of the lad, it occurred to him that the stable-hand was not exactly on the job. Where the deuce do you keep yourself? demanded the master of the place. I don't believe I've seen you since you were engaged. Have you been asleep all this time? Yes, sir, was the unexpected response. I thought that was what you wanted sir. What I wanted! exclaimed the employer, amazed. What are you driving at? Well, sir, explained the lad your advertisement said you wanted a boy of sixteen to sleep on the premises.

No Place for a Madero

Two of the Madero boys are in this country, one at St. John's Military academy, Delafield, Wis., and the other at Cornell. They are reported to be thinking seriously of remaining in the United States. If we were a member of the Madero family we shouldn't return to Mexico, even if we had money buried there.

Visitor—Now, Fred, if you can tell me what I am noted for it's great internal improvements I will give you a shilling.

Fred (triumphantly)—Castor oil. (He did not get the shilling).

NO RHEUMATISM LAST WINTER

Montreal Man Conquered His Old Enemy by using GIN PILLS

Mr. A. Beaudry of 597 Panet Street, Montreal, thus expresses his great satisfaction with GIN PILLS.

"It affords me great pleasure to inform you that I have used GIN PILLS for about six months, and that they have done me a great deal of good. I have had Rheumatism for a couple of years, and last winter I saved myself from it by using GIN PILLS."

15c. a box, 6 for \$1.50. Sample free if you write National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto. 135

Asking for Minard's and take no oil.

A certain broker has been teasing his wife about some of her house-keeping arithmetic, and yesterday she got her revenge.

What time is it? he asked her after lunch. She took out her purse and held up a half-crown without a word.

He stared, scratched his head, and finally gave it up.

Anybody who is up in figures, she remarked, sweetly, would at once have understood that I meant half-past two.

To use of Miller's Worm Powders insures healthy children so far as the ailments attributable to worms are concerned. A high mortality among children is traceable to worms. These sap the strength of infants so that they are unable to maintain the battle for life and succumb to weakness. This preparation gives promise of health and keeps it.

Merchant (to detective)—Some fellow has been representing himself as a collector of ours. He's been taking in more money than any two of the men we have and I want him collared as quickly as possible.

Detective—All right. I'll have him in jail in less than a week.

Merchant—Great Scott, man, I don't want to put him in jail. I want to engage him.

Customer—How is that clerk of yours that got burnt when the soda fountain exploded? Druggist—I'm sorry to say, sir, that he's what you might call a fizzical wreck!

Prospective Employer (perusing reference)—Have you any knowledge of the silk and satin department?

Applicant—Spent all my life among 'em, sir.

Prospective Employer—And sheets and blankets?

Applicant (forcibly)—Born among 'em, sir!

A young composer has just written for soprano voice a beautiful song, entitled: Would that I were young again. It has been so much time wasted. The woman can't be found who will sing it.

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills

is an enemy within the camp. It will undermine the strongest constitution and ruin the most vigorous health.

It leads to indigestion, biliousness, impure blood, bad complexion, sick headaches, and is one of the most frequent causes of appendicitis. To neglect it is slow suicide. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills positively cure Constipation. They are entirely vegetable in composition and do not sicken, weaken or gripe. Preserve your health by taking

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills

has supplied both these requirements.

We employed men to make a thorough investigation of the farmer's requirements; to find out where and how he could use concrete with profit to himself; to discover all problems he might come across and to solve them. This investigation was expensive. But when it was completed we had the material for our campaign to show the farmer how and where to use concrete, and we printed a book, "What the Farmer Can do With Concrete," for free distribution. That book makes every farmer who reads it a concrete expert, as far as his needs are concerned. He finds that there is nothing mysterious about concrete—that a few simple rules supply all the knowledge required.

At the same time we met the farmers' second objection—inability to test the quality of cement—by producing cement of a quality that does not need to be tested.

The Canada Cement that you buy by the bag is the same Canada Cement that is sold by the train-load for great elevators, buildings and bridges.

There is a Canada Cement Dealer in Your Neighborhood

If you have not already done so, write for the book

"What the Farmer can do with Concrete." It is Free.

Canada Cement Company Limited

Montreal

W. N. U. 951

THE BOW VALLEY CALL

PEOPLE'S PULPIT.

CHRIST ASCENDED
AS HE DESCENDED

Sermon by
CHARLES T.
RUSSELL
Pastor Brooklyn
Tabernacle.

We Have Erred in Supposing His Flesh Ascended,
Pastor Russell Explains.

Detroit, Mich., May 4.—Pastor Russell gave two addresses here to-day. We report the one on Christ's Ascension. His text was: "Thou hast ascended on High, Thou hast led captivity captive: Thou hast received gifts for men; yea, for the rebellious also, that the Lord God might dwell among them."—Psalm 68:18.

Pastor Russell declared that one of the serious errors engrained into the Christian faith is the supposition that Jesus is still a man in Heaven. He declared that this thought has helped to turn away many from the faith in the premillennial coming of Christ, and the establishment of His Kingdom for blessing the world, as the Bible declares. Many Christians perceive that a localized reign of Christ in the flesh would be far inferior to a spiritual reign, and hence the general rejection of all faith in the Second Coming of Christ and His Millennial Kingdom.

He pointed out that all Christians firmly believe that Jesus was a spirit being before He was "made flesh, and dwelt among us." All believe also that a spirit being is of a higher order than a human being, and that Jesus made a great stoop when He laid aside the glory of His pre-human condition to become "the Man Christ Jesus." St. Paul's reference to this was quoted: "Though He was rich, yet for our sakes He became poor, that we through His poverty might become rich." He divested Himself of His glory and took upon Himself the Seed of Abraham, and was "found in fashion as a man." A man is "a little lower than the angels"—even in his perfection.

The Pastor declared that no student of the Bible could suppose that the Heavenly Father has permanently degraded His Son from a station higher than angels to one lower than angels. Nobody believes this in his heart of hearts, and yet many profess this very thing. The ascension of Christ is claimed to prove it. It is absurd to suppose that with our Lord Jesus, accustomed to the spirit condition, and made flesh for the short space of thirty-three and a half years, could be otherwise than discommoded and seriously dishonored by the Father, if He now has a body of flesh.

The Pastor declared that mistaken views respecting the word "ascend" helped to confuse Christian people. The Apostle quoting and explaining his text shows that Jesus' ascension is to be considered in conjunction with His descent. He that ascended is the same who thirty-four years before descended. Did the descending have any reference to the kind of body? Surely not! Then the ascending has no reference to the kind of body. The descending signified the humiliation, the leaving of spiritual glory, in order to be born in the flesh.

The life of the Logos was transferred from the spirit body and became the life germ of the babe, that He might become the Man Christ Jesus, and give Himself sacrificially for the sins of the world. Similarly, the begetting of the Holy Spirit came to Jesus at His baptism, and during three and one half years it gradually constituted Him a spiritual Priest, whose work it was to "offer up Himself." That offering ended at Calvary, when He cried, "It is finished!" and died.

When on the third day, the Father raised Him from the dead, it was the Priest that was raised to glory, honor, and immortality, and not the animal, or human, body which He had sacrificed. As it is written, "A body hast Thou prepared Me" "for the suffering of death." That fleshly body was never intended to be an encumbrance throughout eternity upon the Only Begotten of the Father. "I die no more," and therefore has no further use for the body of flesh.

What became of the fleshly body, the Pastor would not undertake to say. It was not seen in the tomb. We know it was the soul, not the body, that was raised to life. "Thou wilt not leave My soul in Sheol"—in Hades—the tomb. "Thou wilt not suffer Thine Holy One to see corruption."

We must remember three things in connection with this subject, said the Pastor. The followers of Jesus were required to have full faith (1) That Jesus was the Logos, who had descended from the spirit plane to the human; (2) That He had died sacrificially; (3) That God raised Him from the dead. Unless these points—that God raised Him from the dead, and that He ascended to Heaven, "where He was before," were fully established in the minds of the Apostles, they would not be in a fit condition to continue to be the disciples of Jesus. On the other hand, they were unable to receive spiritual things until after the spirit-begetting at Pentecost. Hence the instruction given them must necessarily be along earthly lines.

Let us suppose that Jesus had not appeared in the flesh after His resurrection. Suppose that He had appeared as He did to Saul of Tarsus—a great light shining from Heaven, above the brightness of the sun, and spoken to them. What proof would they have had that it was the same Jesus who had died? How would the message of His resurrection and ascension been conveyed to their minds? Evidently it was necessary that some ocular demonstration should be made to constitute the basis for their faith, and ours.

Incidentally, there were given them various proofs that He was no longer a flesh being—that He had experienced a complete change of nature.

by suffering with Him to become joint-heirs in His Kingdom. Then He gave us the various gifts for our development. Not all appreciate the gifts of the remote past. Not all realize that the writings of the Apostles constitute the Key to the Bible. Jesus' words were not so intended. They were therefore uttered in parables and dark sayings. Jesus' teachings are made luminous to us through the Holy Spirit given to the Apostles, just as Jesus promised. (John 16:13.) This was accomplished, not by a miraculous operation upon each individual, but through the gifts of the Spirit.

Of the gifts specified some were general; others were particular. Thus the Church still has the gift of teaching given to the Apostles for our blessing. Thus we still have pastors and teachers, to assist the Church to an understanding of the Divine Word and to the proving of all things by that Word. And this shall have continued until all the Church shall have been edified, built up, and the Body of Christ shall have been completed. Moreover, each member of the Body has need of this edifying work, that he may be qualified for his place in the Body. According to the Apostle's explanation all these gifts of the Spirit are of the Lord, exercised throughout this Gospel Age under the supervision of our glorious Head and Master—Jesus.

Other gifts of the Spirit were local and temporary; gifts of miracles, tongues, interpretations, etc. The early Church contained not many great, wise or learned. Few of them would have been capable of reading the Bible, if they had had one. Few, if any, of the little classes, were possessors of the Old Testament Scriptures. These could be heard read every Sabbath in the synagogues, but not otherwise. They were kept very sacredly guarded, and especially were they refused to heretics, as the Jews taught the Christians to be.

The New Testament Scriptures, we must remember, were not written until a considerable time after Pentecost, and it was not until the close of the first century that they began to be collated, and two or three centuries before the question was finally decided which Books should constitute the canon of the New Testament. We may suppose that even then these were reverence more as heirlooms than as the only existing Divinely inspired authority. The doctrine of Apostolic succession came in about that time. Not having Scripture, and realizing that the power to work miracles had descended as a kind of legacy from our Lord to the Apostles, many were led to believe this doctrine almost instinctively, and to rank the living bishops as equal to the Twelve Apostles.

Moreover, to receive instruction from a living teacher is always easier than to receive it from the study of a book. Therefore the writings of the Apostles—and indeed of all the Bible—fell into disuse, to the injury of the Household of Faith. A greater appreciation of the gift which the Lord had poured out upon His followers—the Holy Spirit and the fruits which that Spirit developed, joy, peace, faith, love, etc.—would have kept them from such error. They would have been more appreciative of the inspired Record, and correspondingly less appreciative of the uninspired words of all other men.

We see, however, that under existing conditions at that time—the absence of Scriptural writings—the gifts bestowed at Pentecost (visible manifestations of supernatural power) were very essential to the early Church. Well would it have been for them and their successors if, after having made use of these miraculous manifestations at the beginning of the Age, and being prepared by them for the written Word, they had further appreciated the importance of the Word of the Lord through the inspired Apostles. This would have guarded them from grievous errors which are still troubling the Lord's followers.

Quite a distinction is to be observed between the gifts of the Spirit and the fruits of the Spirit. The gifts were those miraculous powers already explained, and the special gifts of Apostolic qualification. But these gifts gradually passed away, as God had foreknown. Instead, the Lord looked for the fruits of the Spirit, which the loyal and obedient are to cultivate.

All who have received the impartation of the Lord's Spirit are expected to manifest the fruits of His Spirit, even as those who first received the gifts were expected to use them. The fruits most evidently are higher gifts in God's estimation, and should be in ours. Earnestly let us desire the fruits of the Spirit. These are the result also of the great gift bestowed after Jesus had ascended. They are indirect gifts, however. In giving us a knowledge of the Truth, through the merit of Jesus, the Father prepared the way by which we might develop these fruits, and thus become copies of His Son.

Retires in Verse.

After telling his fellow-members of the Aspatia Urban Council that he was not seeking re-election at the forthcoming contest, Mr. John Paterson recited the following lines at the last meeting of the council:

Farewell, my friends; farewell, my foes;

My peace to these, my love to those.

No earthly tongue the tale can tell,

How long I've wished to say farewell.

Trying to Revive Suite.

Three cases of "suite"—self-immolation of a faithful Hindu wife after the death of her husband—are reported in Calcutta.

In one case a woman threw herself on the funeral pyre of her husband and was seriously burned. Two other women both saturated their clothes with oil and set fire to themselves, with fatal results.

Good Evidence.

"Do you really think that your sister is making such a match with the baron?"

"Judging by the great number of anonymous letters addressed to her, I should say so!"

BANANA DESSERTS.

These Recipes Are Delicious and Bound to Be Liked.

Banana Charlotte.—Line the bottom of a plain mould with a layer of lemon jelly and decorate with strips of neatly cut angelica and candied cherries. Trim the required number of lady fingers and line the sides of the mold so that they fit closely. Beat up three eggs in a basin and stir in two cupfuls of boiling milk, sweetened with three tablespoonyfuls of sugar. Return this to the saucepan, add one heaping tablespoonful of powdered gelatin which has been dissolved in half a cupful of boiling water, one teaspoonful of vanilla extract and stir over the fire with a wooden spoon until it thickens. Remove from the fire, add the pulp of four ripe bananas and when cool fold in one cupful of whipped cream. Just before the mixture sets pour it into the prepared mold and place it on ice to firm. Unmold the shape carefully on a cold dish and serve.

Banana Tartlets.—Soak eight table-spoonfuls of chopped coconut in sufficient milk to cover, beat up till smooth and the thickness of batter, then add three tablespoonsfuls of melted butter, four beaten yolks of eggs, half a cupful of whipped cream, one teaspoonful of vanilla extract and the stiffly beaten whites of two eggs. Peel twelve bananas and rub them through a sieve, then add to the mixture. Line tarts with pastry and fill with the mixture; bake in a hot oven for ten minutes. Beat up the whites of two eggs until stiff, then add half a pound of confectioner's sugar and one tablespoonful of cornstarch and mix well together. Put this layer over the tartlets and put them in the oven to dry.

Banana Custard.—Peel six bananas and pass through a sieve; add two tablespoonyfuls of sugar, four well beaten eggs, two cupfuls of milk and one teaspoonful of lemon extract; pour into a buttered fireproof dish and bake till set in a moderate oven. When cold or warm with cherries cut in halves.

AN EFFECTIVE WRAP.

It Is Quite Strikingly Draped Below the Hip Line.

The dark blue velvet which forms a collar and border trimming in this wrap of shrimp pink brocade is a most



IN SHRIMP PINK BROCADE.

effective note, the rich blue color harmonizing well also with the delicate shrimp pink of the brocade.

Short wraps of this sort are the craze just now, and the drapery of this garment at the hip is decidedly modish.

Ways to Save.

A cloth dipped in ammonia will often remove the stains from the collar of an overcoat.

Whip cream in a pitcher instead of a bowl to do it in half the time and without spattering.

Paraffin rubbed on the heels of stockings will cause them to last much longer without wearing out.

To clean plaster ornaments, busts, vases, etc., dip in clear starch mixed with water. When dry brush off.

Stick pin through the cork of every bottle that contains poison, and this may save tragic mistakes when seeking medicines in the dark.

Japanese Wall Paper.

It is said that mikado wall papers with the dainty Japanese treatment will be popular this season, when the new attractions in wall papers have been launched, which is generally in the early spring. The black background papers are very decorative and are rapidly gaining favor here. Following this come the beautiful tapestry effects in wall paper.

Stiffening Old Hairbrushes.

Old hairbrushes which have become soft can be made quite hard and firm by dipping them in a strong solution of alum.

THE MILITANT CHIEF.

Mrs. Pankhurst Has a Long Record of Prison Terms.

Regardless of whether equal suffrage is good or bad, no woman occupies a more prominent place in current history than Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, by far the most prominent figure in the turbulent campaigns waged by Englishwomen for the right to vote.

Her sentence to three years at hard labor on charge of inciting a bomb explosion at the home of David Lloyd-George followed her sixth arrest. Each of the other five arrests grew out of an attempt to serve "the cause."

In February, 1908, Mrs. Pankhurst was sentenced to six weeks' imprisonment for leading a raid on the House of Commons. She served the whole sentence.

In October, 1908, she was sentenced for three months for inciting to riot. She was released a few weeks before the sentence expired.

Two years later she was arrested while heading a deputation of 400 women who were demanding an interview with the Prime Minister. No charge was preferred, however, and she was released.

When militancy began to mark the suffragists' operations early in 1912 Mrs. Pankhurst was sentenced to two months' imprisonment for window smashing.

While she was serving this sentence she and her daughter, Miss Christabel Pankhurst, with Pethick Lawrence and Mrs. Pethick Lawrence, were charged with conspiracy in connection with the general window smashing raid on Oxford, Regent and Bond street shops, London.

Miss Pankhurst escaped arrest and went into exile in France. The others were sentenced to nine months' imprisonment.

Mrs. Pankhurst went on a hunger strike, and after five weeks all three were released.

Last February Mrs. Pankhurst was arrested on a charge of "inciting to commit malicious destruction of property" in connection with the bomb explosion at Lloyd-George's new home at Walton Heath. She was committed for the May assizes of the Surrey county court, but refused to promise good behavior and was sent to Holloway jail.

Shortly afterward the case was transferred to the central criminal court, London, and set for the April assizes.

Mrs. Pankhurst's sentence, April 3, did not dismay her or her followers. While other suffragists rioted in the courtroom she was led away declaring that she would soon be out of prison, dead or alive.

She went on a hunger strike immediately on entering prison, according to her jailers, calmly refusing to eat the food that was placed in her cell. Rumors that she was forcibly fed have been denied by the prison officials.

A startling subsequent incident was the receipt of an anonymous letter threatening death, by Justice Sir Charles Montague Lush, who imposed the three year sentence on Mrs. Pankhurst. The letter was turned over to Scotland Yard, and a strong bodyguard was at once assigned to accompany Justice Lush when he left his home or his courtroom.

Ancient Grain.

An account of the attempts to grow corn from wheat grains discovered in the tombs of Egyptian mummies is given in "Knowledge." All these attempts have failed, and recent researches suggest that, while the power of germination in wheat or barley is little affected for five years after that period a rapid loss of vitality sets in. Considerable chemical change was detected in the mummy wheat, which is probably 3,400 years old. It had lost two per cent. of its moisture, and with that its vitality. When crushed the flour was very irritating to the nostrils, and smelt strongly of bitumen—the preservative used to embalm the mummy. It was also markedly acidic. Examined under the microscope its particles differed entirely from those of modern wheat. When treated with water it gave a thin paste without any strength of dough.

Cat 27 Years Old.

Tiger, the remarkable cat of the Great Eastern Railway Co.'s goods sheds at Peterborough, Eng., who is reputed to be about twenty-seven years old, is peacefully ending a life crowded with rat extermination and other happy incidents. Few cats live much beyond fourteen or fifteen years. During her long life Tiger is said to have killed thousands of rats. She is a light tabby, and came to the sheds for refuge during a fire at a timber yard close by over twenty-six years ago, having been driven from her home in a timber-stack by the flames. When she dies she will leave a numerous progeny of over 200 to succeed her.

Cannibals Dying Out.

The People of the Solomons (the Cannibal Islands) are rapidly decreasing in numbers. Dr. W. Thorold Quale, medical officer in the islands, declares that the decrease in population is due to the fact that tribal warfare has ceased and the natives no longer kill one another. This warfare used to keep the native "fit" and energetic. Now they have become lazy and inert, and the race is fast deteriorating, and seems likely to die out in course of time.

Bonus For Farm Workers.

Lord Rayleigh, who employs 260 men on his Essex farms, some time ago introduced a bonus system to encourage his employees to invest their savings in the farms. The sum of £3,700 now stands to their credit, and the amount for the year just closed to be paid in bonuses, profits, and interest came to £1,000.

Rome's Gormandizing.

The decline of a nation commences when gormandizing begins. Rome's collapse was well under way when slaves were thrown into the eel pits to increase the flavor of the eels.

Cleaning Windows.

If windows are cleaned with vinegar and water they will be brighter and stay clean longer than if cleaned with water alone. Polish in the usual way with soft linen cloths.

SPRING CLEANING.

Now Is the Time to Consider Its Many Problems.

SOME THINGS THAT HELP.

Work Made Easy If Done About Systematically—Kitchen Closets and Pantry Require First Attention. Sweep Carpets With

Begin the work of thoroughly cleaning a room by dusting and rubbing up all the articles of furniture which may easily be removed from the room.

Pictures and ornaments should be taken down and dusted and put aside. If the curtains and draperies are not easily removable they should be looped aside or else be covered as well as possible with large squares of muslin, which are kept for this purpose. The heavier pieces of furniture also should be covered.

Where there is no vacuum cleaner the ordinary corn broom will answer very well.

Always sweep with the pile of the carpet, never across or against it.

After the room has been thoroughly swept slip a clean flannel cover over the broom and proceed to brush ceiling and walls. The rule is to work from above downward.

After the walls are brushed the wood-work should be gone over with dusters. If there are any finger marks they should be removed first. This may be done very effectively with a cloth dipped in kerosene and then wiped dry. Never use this near fire.

The curtains may be brushed or shaken, and then the windows should be cleaned. Wipe the shades, using a very clean cloth for this work.

The sheets which cover the furniture remaining in the room should now be removed completely and the furniture dusted and rubbed up where necessary. It should not require polishing—that is, if average care is taken of it—often twice during

AUTOMOBILES

With the advent of 1913 many new cars are noted on the Canadian markets. Both new and old show many refinements and improvements over 1912.

McLAUGHLIN-BUICK builders have made good their claim to a country built car.

A car built for our none-to-good Canadian roads.

A car fitted with all the latest improvements.

The prices are moderate.

Careful comparison is invited with the higher priced cars and especially with cheap cars whose makers base their extravagant claims of present worth on what their cars have not, instead of what they have.

We also have some excellent values in rebuilt cars repainted and overhauled.

Call or write for price lists.

McLEOD BROS., Gleichen

EYESIGHT

We have made arrangements with the Taube Optical Co., of Calgary and Vancouver, for their eye-sight specialist, Mr. S. L. Taube, who has had forty two years experience in the optical business, to be at our store on THURSDAY, JULY 17th.

If there is anything wrong with your eyesight, do not fail to consult him.

All work is guaranteed absolutely as tested.

YATES DRUG STORE

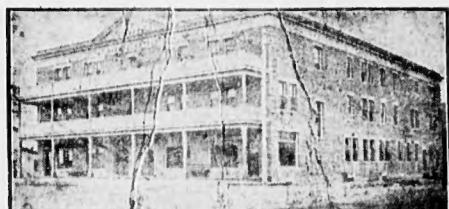


FORGING A GOOD SHOE
into proper shape is a trick that we thoroughly understand. If you'll bring your horse here you'll find that we carry our knowledge into active practice. Furthermore, we charge you only moderately for our materials, skill, experience and work.

J. H. RILEY
Gleichen, Alberta

THE PALACE HOTEL

EUROPEAN PLAN
BROSSEAU BROS., PROPRIETORS



FIRST CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT

OUR MOTTO:

'HONEST WORK
AND
"HONEST PRICES"

No Job too Large or too Small.
Horseshoeing and Plow Work our Specialty.
Repair Work of All Kinds promptly attended to.

The Vulcan Iron Works
Blacksmiths and Machinists

Nearly everybody in Gleichen complete list of Gleichen's winners visited the Calgary exhibition lastings for this issue, and not a few won prizes. Unfortunately we are unable to get a Thursday.

TOWN AND DISTRICT

Last night Strathmore won the baseball by a score of 3 to 6.

Dr. and Mrs. McIntyre are the happiest residents of Gleichen and all over the arrival of a daughter on Thursday, July 3rd, at Calgary.

Remember the date of Mr. Taubes visit to Yates' Drug Store on Thursday, July 17th, and if there is anything wrong with your eyesight do not fail to consult him.

Dr. Farquharson left last week for his former home in Charlton, P. E. I., to visit his parents, having received a telegram that his mother was dangerously ill. He hopes to return within a few weeks.

Eighty-five per cent of headaches are caused through eye-strain, and if you are troubled that way do not fail to consult Mr. Taube at Yates' drug store on Thursday, July 17th.

A heavy fine was imposed last week on a man charged with cruelty to animals. It was an extreme case, yet the police and magistrates would give a timely warning to others that they will not be allowed to abuse their horses or cattle. This is the first case of its kind in a long time to be brought up in Gleichen, which would seem to show that as a rule, the people of this district are kind to dumb animals. Let us hope that the good reputation will be sustained.

Joseph Rouche returned last week to Gleichen after spending four years in the United States navy on board the war-ship "Tennessee" and has been busy since greeting his many friends here. Joe says he has seen quite a lot of the world since he left here, but he is now happy to be at home once more with his father and mother and brothers and sisters on the farm. Building fences, plowing and all other farm work suits him very nicely and he hopes soon to become a farmer of this district.

Chief Engineer Marcer, who has charge of the building of the C. P. R. cut-off from Gleichen to Shepard, was in town yesterday and stated the grading of the first section from Shepard eastward was nearing completion and he fully expected that trains would be running over it before the end of August and in time to haul this year's harvest crop. From this end he said Mr. Goodman was making excellent progress, but the heavy work on the line came in the center section, and he did not expect that the road would be in operation before the first of October.

Yesterday the Pacific Cold Storage Co. shipped another three carloads of fine cattle to Calgary, which were a very fine bunch of steers. Inadvertently the CALL overlooked an exceptional fine shipment the P. C. S. Company made to the Klondyke recently. There were 50 steers in the shipment and gave an average weight of 1,700 pounds each, while one fine big fellow turned the scales at 2,020 pounds. Local stockmen admitted this shipment to be the very best they have ever seen made from Alberta, and highly complimented Manager Bartsch on it.

Monday Mr. Wm. Trend arrived in Gleichen and surprised a number of his old-time friends by introducing to them Mrs. Trend. Some weeks ago "Billy," as his many intimate friends address him, left for the east, and all thought he was on one of his regular trips to purchase horses and cattle. But this time they were mistaken, for he journeyed all the way to Chicago, and on June 25th was wedded to Miss L. J. Groom, a charming young lady of that city. The happy couple then started on their honeymoon trip to sunny Southern Alberta, stopping at several of the important western cities before reaching Gleichen to visit his well-known "3T" ranch north of town. After spending a short time here, they will make their home permanently in Calgary, but Mr. Trend will continue to operate his ranch and do most of his business in this district.

The CALL joins his many friends in wishing Mr. and Mrs. Trend a long and happy life.

Friends of Charles Marshall will be pleased to learn that he has so far recovered as to be able to be brought to his home here. For the past two weeks he has been a patient in a Calgary hospital, where he underwent a very trying operation. The fire boys and his many friends will be pleased to learn the Chief's prospect of complete recovery is excellent and in a few weeks he will be at the head of the brigade once more.

Gleichen's Meteorological Report

The following weather report is supplied by J. W. Jowett, who is officially appointed by the Dominion Government:

	MAX.	MIN.
July 2.....	70	45
3.....	67	43
4.....	71	51
5.....	76	45
6.....	83	49
7.....	88	46
8.....	67	44

Brooks Wins Baseball Match

The base ball game, Gleichen vs. Brooks, scheduled for July 3rd, was played Saturday, July 5th at Brooks, under very distressing conditions.

Manager J. O. Bogstie and Secretary Stokoe, together with ten players, left for Brooks at 4 p.m. July 3rd, in three autos. Arrived in Cluny on schedule time, but from there on obstacles presented themselves in huge clusters. First mudholes—through which the joy riders were compelled to walk (and thanks to the skillful way in which the ears were handled, but little inconvenience can be attributed to this.) But the Alberta canaries, called mosquitoes by strangers, immediately set to work to begin the rout that was to be completed at Brooks.

When nearing Bassano, the car driven by Dave Yule skidded on a side hill, blew out a tire, and settled itself on two wheels, after nearly scaring the occupants to death. That settled one car, and the trip to Bassano was completed in the two remaining cars, one driven by Jack Burr, the other by W. J. Service Jr. Another car was procured together with a driver (?). The manager, upon failing to perceive any progress, took the wheel himself, and thereafter made good time to Brooks, arriving there at 9 p.m., too late to play and almost too late to eat.

Now for the game itself: It started out by J. McArthur trying to break the strikeout record, he striking out 7 men in the first two innings, while Gleichen scored two runs and Brooks one. Score remained so until the seventh inning, when McArthur weakened, and together with poor playing by R. McArthur, Wade, and Tarrant, coupled with three hits, the score at the end of the eighth stood: Brooks 6, Gleichen 2. In the ninth inning the Gleichen boys fell on the Brooks pitcher for 3 runs, the last man being called out at second base on a throw from the pitcher, after a very bad balk. And thus ended the game; score: Gleichen 5, Brooks 6.

The Gleichen players would appreciate a few lines in the CALL in regard to a Brooks player named Skinner. This player intentionally spiked R. McArthur and Wilson, and otherwise showed a decided inclination to indulge in dirty ball. He should be forced either to quit this kind of dirt, or else quit the game.

MISCELLANEOUS

Small Ads under this heading cost 50 cents for insertion and per issue, before Jan 1st, 1914, is included an additional charge is made. Unless the number of issues are given with each order ads are left in until ordered out and charged for in full.

FOR SALE—5 Passenger Overland car. Perfect running order, fully equipped. Will trade for stock.—Y. P. Muir, Gleichen. 19pd

LOST—Bay colt gelding three years old. Branded **55** on right shoulder, \$5 reward for return to W. Hayes, 4 miles north of Gleichen. 19pd

ESTRAY—Bay mare about 12 years old, weight about 850 pounds. Has small white spot on end of nose. Branded crofoot on left shoulder and **44** on left thigh. Good saddle mare, return to D. C. Weshart at Gleichen; Ostin Brownat Queenstown, or to Jos Hester. 19pd

THE BUSY STORE

PURE FRUIT PRESERVES AND JAMS



The time of the Gem Jar has come around once more, bringing up the problem of

..Preserved Fruits..

While we sell enormous quantities of Jams, preserves, jellies, etc., nothing can touch the Home put up goods.

Gem Jars were scarce last season. To prevent a panic in this respect, we have stocked heavily. All that is necessary is to leave your orders for fruit with the Busy Store—anything required we can procure.

The season of each variety is short. Keep in touch with us, we can secure your wants. And our prices will meet any quotations.

Pure Cane Sugar does the rest. See

J. A. Ramsay

McKie & Henderson

YOUR HOUSE

should be insured. Only the man who fails to give this important subject the proper thought and deliberation fails to act. It is that man we want to reach with our arguments. We want you to appreciate the vital necessity of taking out a policy of fire insurance with us right NOW.

REAL ESTATE

Fire, Life and Accident Insurance



We will be very glad to show you a good line of shoes for your Boys' and Girls' school wear.

If in need of anything in Children's shoes, come and see the most complete stock in town.

Take Advantage of our Adults' Shoe Stock

Ladies' Footwear—A Special House Slipper and shoes easy for the feet.

Dress Boots, Shoes and Pumps in Tan, Gunmetal and Patent.

Gents' Footwear—Special in Men's Heavy Working Boots.

Dress Boots and Shoes in Tan, Gunmetal and Patent.

"Don't forget that Our Grocery Stock is always fresh

THE GLEICHEN TRADING CO. LTD.
GENERAL MERCHANTS